

THE WHIG STANDARD.



"Flag of the free: thy folds shall fly,
The sign of hope and triumph high."

FOR PRESIDENT,
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.

WASHINGTON.
FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 19, 1844.

A FAITHFUL CHRONICLE.

We take great censure to ourselves for not having, as faithful chroniclers of the times, heretofore recorded an account of the doings of certain men in reference to the "getting up"—that is the awkward phrase—of an agricultural and manufacturers' exhibition at Baltimore in May next. A meeting was called, and the Hall of the House of Representatives obtained to hold it in, for the purpose of considering of the subject, as we understood at the time. Of this meeting Mr. Woodbury was appointed chairman; but no sooner was it organized, and some propositions brought forward, than the may-pole member from Illinois manifested as much alarm at trifles as a shy horse. Shadows frightened him, and he seemed to see some hidden, some occult meaning in every thing proposed. It is said that whatever is put into a cask which has once been filled will partake of the flavor of the first material which the cask contained. The same may be said to be the operation of some minds—everything that passes through them partakes of the flavor of that with which they have become imbued. This fact will probably account, satisfactorily and philosophically, for the effect produced upon the mind of the may-pole member. Having been all his life a rank politician, whatever enters his mind partakes of the hue of politics. On the occasion alluded to the tall gentleman smelt politics very strongly, and he snuffed about like an old woman who "smells something burning," but does not think to look into her pocket where she had deposited her pipe, and where her pocket handkerchief, instead of herself, is now smoking. It never once occurred to him that the politics he smelt were in his own brain, and nowhere else. But the gentleman was as much alarmed as the old woman who smelt fire—he could not find the cause of his alarm, even though he interrogated one of the secretaries of the meeting in a very rude, swaggering, and ungentelemanly manner as to the object of the proposed exhibition of the farmers and manufacturers of the country where the said secretary lived? what was his occupation? whether he did not get up Clay clubs? and, in fact, if he lived anywhere, or had any existence at all!

Mr. Weller, too, thought he saw a cat in the meal tub. He was an old rat, and could therefore smell as quick as anybody—he was familiar with the scent. He looked as wise as an owl peeping into a millstone, and cautioned others that there was "a plot" in this movement which it would be wise for them to look well to. But, not to dwell on this ludicrous exhibition of wisdom, prudence, caution, and alarm—not to mention how exceedingly puzzled the sage chairman of the meeting, Mr. Senator Woodbury, appeared, as much as to say to his friends, "Yes, yes, I see it all, and yet I don't exactly see it neither, but I smell it!"—it was proposed that the whole subject should be referred to a committee to consist of one member of Congress from each State, who should report to a subsequent meeting to be called for that purpose. The chairman appointed the committee, and of course it consisted of a majority of Locofocos, in order to prevent the thing having a political aspect. The committee met, and such another ludicrous scene as was there exhibited has not been witnessed in many a day. The gentlemen whose olfactories were so keen at the first meeting now came with sharpened senses, determined to "nose out" the hidden mischief. They were curious to know why such an exhibition was proposed. Why unite agriculture and manufactures together? Why not have an agricultural exhibition alone? What object was to be gained? and why have it at Baltimore? It seemed to Mr. Weller as if the Locofocos were to play second fiddle in this matter to the Whigs, and yet he could not tell how. Certainly there was something very Whiggish in this attempt to promote the two great branches of industry of the country, agriculture and manufactures. Some one proposed that the committee report against the project of an exhibition—the tall member we believe—but another Locofoco said, "You don't catch me voting for such a report." A Whig member of the committee called for the yeas and nays on this proposition, which frightened the mover half out of his little wits, and he withdrew the motion. Finally, nothing was done, except that a minority of the committee made a report to the subsequent meeting, at which neither the former chairman nor any of the Locofocos of the committee appeared. Colonel Tal-

larferro acted as chairman of the second meeting which adopted the report of a portion of the committee, who recommended the proposed exhibition, and the appointment of a committee to carry it into effect. And so endeth our faithful chronicle.

We are extremely obliged to the press generally, and to the Maysville Eagle, and Lancaster Union and Sentinel especially, for the very favorable notice they have taken of our Weekly Whig Standard, and the "Facts for the People" we are about publishing. The first tract, namely, the "Life of Henry Clay," is now ready for delivery.

The New York Tribune says that the Calhoun General Committee of that city have issued an able Address, dissenting from the principles on which Delegates have been elected in mass from that and other States to the Loco National Convention, as well as to the general maxims of party policy put forth by the Van Buren State Convention at Syracuse, refusing to be governed by the decision of the Baltimore Convention, and calling a new Convention to be chosen by Districts, to assemble in Philadelphia on the 4th day of July next, and nominate "Democratic" candidates for Vice President.

The Whigs of Lynn, Massachusetts, held a large and enthusiastic meeting a few days since. The right spirit is up among the sons of Crispin; they speak to their craft in a plain way, and what they say will no doubt receive an honest and intelligent consideration from them. European prices—40 cents per day—won't suit American mechanics.

"Resolved, That we are not only Faneuil Hall Whigs—Massachusetts Whigs—but out and out Clay Whigs; that we go for the 'Mill Boy of the Sashes'; at the same time we shall, as we ever have done, stick to honest John Davis to the last, and war stronger and stronger, until the rips in our Government are sewed up, and the currency of the nation and the protection of our industry are pegged together in a workmanlike manner. We go for him because we have occasioned him, and know him to be master of the craft; and in case of accident, or absence of the Boss, the Jours will not get the sack.

MR. CLAYTON AND THE VICE PRESIDENCY.—The Lancaster (Pa.) Examiner, a leading Whig paper of this State, says:—"The Clay men of Lancaster county—with no less admiration for 'honest John Davis,' or that able and ardent advocate of Whig principles, Millard Fillmore—are, to a man, in favor of giving the nomination to the distinguished son of Little Delaware, the Hon. John M. Clayton. With Mr. Clayton's eminent abilities, his distinguished services in the Senate, and his devotion to the interests of the country, the people of Lancaster county are all familiar. His political principles, too, are precisely of the right stamp for the Whigs of Lancaster county. An uncompromising friend of a Protective Tariff, a National Currency, and all other prominent Whig measures, the old guard would rally round this champion of their principles, with an enthusiasm that no other names than Clay and Clayton could call forth."

INTERESTING FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.—Extract of a letter from a highly respectable gentleman, dated

"Charleston, S. C., Jan. 10.

"John C. Calhoun's two nephews have joined our Clay Club, so Langdon Cheves, Judge Butler, and many other warm friends of John C. Calhoun; and if this State finds that HENRY CLAY will need her vote to elect him, he will get it. I, not needed, she will throw it away."—Express.

GLORIFICATION, &c.—The Ohio Statesman of the 9th is full of glorification, and in the fulness of his patriotic heart the State printer exclaims: "As Shannon was reinstated in 1842, so will be Mr. Van Buren in 1844 if nominated at Baltimore, and that eve it is beyond any contingency except that of death."

Then again: "Let 'TOD AND VICTORY,' be the watchword throughout the length and breadth of the State, and coonery will wilt up like cabbage leaves in a frying-pan."

"Casse quires" and "cabbage!" How we poor Whigs must suffer next autumn!—Cleveland Herald.

UNKIND.—The Locofoco papers formerly eagerly picked up everything which preceded from the pen of General Jackson. Anything, upon whatever subject, was promptly picked up, and cast upon the minds. But they are becoming grossly indifferent to the effusions of the Old Hero. For instance a letter is now going the rounds of a portion of the papers, written by the General, (some time since it is true,) and which endorses, in a most emphatic manner, the principles of protection to American industry. He never wrote a better letter—a letter more beautifully written, or enforcing more truly republican principles—yet the Locofocos are silent about it as the grave. This, we insist, is not treating the old gentleman right. We call upon our neighbors of the Advertiser to publish this letter. They have had several paragraphs about the 8th of January, will they not give this letter written by a man without whom the 8th of January would have been as common as the most common of the entire three hundred and sixty-five days of the year? We hold up for a reply.—Ro h. Dem.

SUNDAY AT NEW ORLEANS.—A letter of recent date from New Orleans, published in a St. Louis paper, gives the following account of the improper manner in which the Sabbath is observed in the former city:—"A grand review of the military by the Governor took place on Sunday, when about 5,000 troops turned out—cavalry, artillery, and infantry. In addition to the military volunteers, which evinced much discipline, the rascals attracted the attention of thousands of strangers. The various exhibitions conflict with the good order and quiet which should exist on Sunday, and disturb the meditations of those more seriously disposed. Full bumpers of egg-nogg, &c., were served up gratuitously at various hotels in the evening, and three theatres and two masquerade balls were in full operation.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

BY THE LAST ARRIVAL.

An order in council had fixed the duty on foreign meat of all kinds, salted, or dried, imported into the Cape of Good Hope, at 3s. per cwt. British, £1 3s. Foreign train and blubber oil £3 per ton; sperm £7 10s.

The British Parliament is to meet for the dispatch of business on the 1st of February.

Incendiary fires had become frequent and alarming in England. By one of the fires, near Cambridge, property to the value of £5,000 was destroyed.

The actual revenue of the Post Office, as stated by the Treasury, is 600,000 pounds sterling a year, though a return to Parliament made it much lower.

The tariff negotiations between Portugal and England have been broken off again.

Of the 100,000 pounds which it was proposed to raise for the furtherance of free trade principles, having reference more especially to free trade in grain, 35,000 pounds had already been subscribed. There was no doubt but the whole amount would be raised.

The death of the Rev. Mr. Tyrrel, the Irish repealer, furnishes matter for extended comment and for the strangest statements in the Irish papers. The Dublin Packet doubts that he is dead; and intimates that, if he really is dead, he probably committed suicide. The Pilot denounces these as fabrications.

Mr. O'Connell is enjoying himself in the mountains of Derrynane Abbey, in good health and spirits. The repeal cause makes but little progress in his absence.

The opinions of three eminent counsel, who have been consulted upon the legality of the degrees conferred upon Mr. Everett, the American Minister, by the University of Oxford, having been submitted to the Vice Chancellor, they have all concurred in pronouncing the whole proceeding null and void.

The directors of the Great Western and the Great Britain steamships, have resolved to send out the Great Britain in May, if the stockholders give their permission. The net profits of the Great Western during the past year, amount to £5,600, which will give a dividend of 50s. per share.

Sir Henry Pottinger has requested to be recalled from China, and the British Government has acceded to his request.

A British surveying party at Cloudy Bay, New Zealand, which was accompanied by a military detachment, was attacked by the natives, in June last, and about twenty persons were killed, including two captains.

The British steamers in the Pacific Ocean will probably extend their trips to Panama. The coal mines of Chili and Panama have been recently examined with favorable results.

Michael Conway, a passenger by the Hottinguer at Liverpool, from New York, was convicted in the penalty of £100, for attempting to smuggle 43 lbs. weight of tobacco, which he had concealed in his chest under a false bottom. John Weatherhead, a seaman, was fined in a similar sum for smuggling 74 lbs. weight of tobacco. The latter was recommended to mercy.

THE IRON TRADE.—The trade is still retrograding, and bars are sold at £4 2s. 6d. net at Newport and Cardiff, with a dull sale even at that.

The Chinese Government has severely punished the authorities at Formosa, under whom certain proceedings took place respecting the destruction of two British ships. The documents are long, and we shall take an early opportunity of giving their substance.

A fossil giraffe has recently been found in India. It is only one-third the size of the existing animal.

Dr. Wolff, who has gone to India to try to discover two lost officers of the British army, was to leave Constantinople for Trebisond on the 23d, furnished with firmans from the Sultan, and recommendatory letters from the Sheikhul Islam to the Khans of Kokhara, Khiva &c. Dr. Wolff is a converted Jew, and his relationship to the followers of Mahomed, will no doubt secure for him a kind reception from the wild tribes of India. Reschid Pasha was to leave Constantinople on the 7th for Paris.

The battle between the Russians and Circassians in the beginning of September, of which we had accounts by former arrivals, has been revenged by the Russian general, who is said to have gained a great victory over the Circassians.

The news from Spain is by no means favorable to tranquility. The conspiracy to overthrow Olozaga having been successful, we may look for new plots and counter-plots following each other in quick succession, until the Queen arrives at a sufficient age to think and act for herself. The question of her marriage is a fruitful source of difficulty, owing to the intrigues of the various crowned heads of Europe. We wish she had independence enough to act as Victoria did, and vow that she would wed only the youth of her choice.

A riot occurred at Madrid on the 4th December, the celebration of the Queen's majority, which was quelled by the military, and resulted in the death of five citizens; fifteen were wounded.

Madrid journals to the 7th furnish some details of the proceedings in the cortes on that day, the result of which appeared in the Sun of the 13th. One of these was the adoption of a motion for the impeachment of Olozaga, which, as has been already stated, was carried by a majority of 81 to 66.

BARCELONA, Dec. 4.—The news brought by the Courier from Madrid has paralysed us here, and upset all that was lately done toward a return of peace.

The Phare de Bayonne of the 5th says, that an interview has taken place between General Saenz and Ametier, and that the latter promised an answer on the following day. It was thought that the insurgents would capitulate immediately. No date is given.

FRANCE.—The king, accompanied by the Prince de Joinville, left St. Cloud's December 13th, for Fontainebleau, where they arrived at 7 o'clock in the evening.

On Sunday, the inhabitants of the first and second districts of Paris, assembled in their municipalities to elect candidates for the posts of mayor and adjoints, signed a petition to the Chambers, demanding the demolition of the detached forts erected round the capital.

The Paris papers contain appalling lists of murders and suicides, and of attempts to commit those crimes.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT THE RICHMOND WHIG CLUB HOUSE!—Yesterday evening, a little before sunset, the gloomy weather, which has prevailed for several days, having given way to a genial sunshine, numbers of persons collected at the Club House, some as spectators, the larger number to take an active part in completing the building. Large numbers were on the roof, and Samuel F. Adie, Esq., in their midst, had just called them to order and was in the act of commencing a harangue, or asking a patriotic song to be sung, when the roof gave way, and fifty or sixty persons were simultaneously precipitated to the floor—a distance of some twenty feet! This dreadful accident caused, of course, the most tumultuous consternation and alarm, and the vicinity, and in brief space the whole town, were in a state of agitation. But we are happy to say that no life was lost, and none likely to be lost. Numbers received sprains, bruises, contusions and fractures.

This melancholy accident has thrown a damp upon the spirits of the town: But accidents are accidents, and rafters will break when the incumbent weight is too great for the strength of the timbers. Omens are out of date now, in our enlightened age; but were they still in vogue, and superstition and ignorance in the ascendant, we should proclaim this a most lucky and auspicious omen! No life was lost after such a tumble. It is like the fall which Scipio Africanus the younger encountered when he jumped first on the African shore, and observing the superstitious fear of his troops from the circumstance, clasped the CLAY, and exclaimed "I hold the fast, Africa! Thou shalt not escape me!"

To men hurt in such a cause, let us say that the goodness of the cause must prove a balm to their wounds; wounds in which a people sympathize. Had they been killed they would have deserved the affecting Epitaph of Leonidas and his three hundred Spartans: "Go tell the People of Sparta that we died in defence of her Laws."—Richmond Whig of the 18th.

THE MURDER OF MR. SPRAGUE.—The Providence Journal, in relation to the demeanor of the prisoners Gordon, who are under examination, that "all the parties seemed hardened, and did not appear to pay the least attention to the deposition of the witnesses. The only feeling betrayed by any one was William, who, while Dr. Miller was describing the manner in which he supposed the murder to have been committed, and the probable position of the murderer, appeared deeply interested, and drank in every word with the greatest attention. When the coat covered as it was with the blood of the murdered victim was produced, and the place of its concealment described, there was an evident shade of horror on the countenance of each, and a shudder. All appeared as if they would like to have sank through the floor, as it was noticed that not one looked at the garment while it was in the room. This betrayal of feeling means something, and it will undoubtedly have its full weight on the minds of the community."

JAMES B. HOLMEAD. R. W. WRIGHT. HOLMEAD & WRIGHT, having commenced the general Auction and Commission business on Pennsylvania avenue, next to the corner of 4th street, offer their services to the public, pledging themselves to use every exertion to give satisfaction. Sales of real estate, furniture, and personal effects, books, dry goods, jewelry, &c., will be attended to on the most favorable terms. Being on the great thoroughfare, the avenue, near the principal hotels and boarding-houses, a few squares west of the Railroad depot, and contiguous to the Centre Market, our location is among the best in Washington, for the disposal of Household effects, Groceries, Clothing, Carriages, Horses, &c. We solicit a share of patronage. Merchants, manufacturers, and families having surplus articles, and breaking up housekeeping, will find our rooms and situation adapted for the disposal of their consignments at both public and private sales. Out-door sales will have especial attention. Evening sales will be held during the winter and spring, offering a good opportunity to dispose of Books and private Libraries, Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, and other merchandise.

AT PRIVATE SALE, for a few days, fancy Scarfs, Cravats, and Handkerchiefs, Vests, satin Stocks, &c., for gentlemen's wear, of New York manufacture. They are handsome and fashionable.

CITY TAXES.—10 per cent. deduction for prompt payment.—Notice is hereby given that the Taxes for the year 1843 are now due and receivable at the Collector's Office, City Hall; and that, by authority of an ordinance of the Corporation, an abatement of ten per cent. will be allowed upon all bills for said year which shall be paid during the months of January and February.

jan 19—eotw A. ROTHWELL, Collector.



WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SEED STORE. As it is very important to the farmers, gardeners, amateurs, and seed dealers to purchase where they can get fresh and genuine seeds, the subscriber most respectfully informs the agricultural and horticultural community that he has now opened his new Seed and Implement Store, adjoining his green-house, where the farmers, gardeners, and amateurs can provide themselves with fresh Garden and Flower Seeds, all of the best quality. If any garden or flower seeds should prove to be bad when sown in proper time and manner, and season the least favorable, for such fresh seeds will be given or the money will be returned. Seed dealers supplied by the pound, bushel, or barrel, at a liberal discount, and on terms equal to any wholesale and retail establishment in any of the Northern or Eastern cities.

JOHN DOUGLAS, Florist and Seedman, corner 15th and G streets, opposite the State Department. jan 19—eotw

MUFF AND FUR TRIMMINGS AT REDUCED PRICES.—FISH & CO. beg leave to announce that from this date until the close of the season, they will dispose of the balance of their stock of Furs at a very small advance upon the actual cost. Ladies wishing bargains will do well to call. We also invite attention to a superior assortment of Beaver, Molekin, Cassimere, and Brush HATS, finished in our inimitable style.

Also, a small invoice of Paris Molekin and Cassimere Hats, (Laville and Pomaroy's Brevetes which have become so popular both in the city of New York and here.

We offer also a varied assortment of Gentlemen's, Youths', and Infants' CAPS, embracing every style at present in vogue; all of which we will sell at exceedingly desirable prices. FISH & CO., Hats, Brown's Hotel, and Broadway, N. Y. jan 13—3ut

LOCAL NEWS.

HON. J. Q. ADAMS.—We have received from Wm. F. Bayly, a lithographic portrait of this distinguished statesman. It is from a Daguerrotype taken by our fellow-citizen, Mr. Hass, and is the most perfect likeness of the "old man eloquent," that it has been our good fortune to admire. It can be obtained at the stationery store of Mr. Bayly, Pennsylvania avenue, for the low price of fifty cents.

FAIR AT APOLLO HALL.—We stepped into the fair last evening, and found the hall filled with the beauty and fashion of our city. The ladies who preside at the tables are all beautiful, and the sight alone is worth a visit from any old or young bachelor. The object of this fair is truly a good one; it is to aid in building another temple to the Most High. We wish the ladies all the success their charitable efforts so richly deserve.

Among the many distinguished gentlemen connected with the press now in our city, we notice the editor and proprietor of the Raleigh Register, WESTON R. GALES, Esq., distinguished alike for his ability as a writer as well as his gentlemanly and amiable deportment in private life.

MESMERISM.—We are requested to state that the experiments of Mr. Webster will be continued this and to-morrow evening at Concert Hall (Todd's Rooms)

ARRIVALS AT THE PRINCIPAL HOTELS. JANUARY 13, 1844.

INDIAN QUEEN (BROWN'S) HOTEL. M. Emanuel, A. Emanuel, H. Redden, H. Grant, F. Albert, N. V.; D. Vernon, John J. Myer, James T. England, Balt.; Robert Smith, W. T. Snodgrass and lady, Philad.; B. L. Porter, U. S. N.; T. B. Goldsby, Ala.; D. Gardner, N. C.; F. Graham, Ct.; J. F. Allen, James C. Gatty, Va.; Thomas G. Harris, Md.

CITY (FULLER'S) HOTEL. E. Boyden, James Stratton and lady, Mass.; Miss Spies, Francis Copcutt, N. Y.; Weston R. Gales and lady, Raleigh.

EUROPEAN (GALABURN'S) HOTEL. A. Longitt, Mr. Kemble, N. Y.; Capt. Williams, U. S. A.

EXCHANGE (TYLER'S) HOTEL. Rev. Henry Giles, Boston, J. W. Williams, New Bedford.

TEMPERANCE (BEERS'S) HOTEL. George Seeley, Wm. Bliss, N. Y.

VIRGINIA (SWEETING'S) HOTEL. John C. Timmer, Joshua R. Jones, Elijah Sawkins, Virginia.

MARRIAGES.

On Wednesday evening, the 17th inst., by the Rev. Mr. SAMSON, BENJAMIN EVANS, Esq., of the Treasury Department, to Miss MARY ELIZABETH BRYER, all of this city.

On Tuesday evening, by the Rev. Wm. T. SPROLE, Mr. WILLIAM C. ZANZINGER, to Miss HARRIOTT ANN, daughter of Wm. Fitcher, Esq.

At Hagerstown, Maryland, on the 15th January, by the Rev. J. V. TIGHE, Dr. JOHN A. WROOK, of Washington, to Miss MARTHA JANE, daughter of Capt. DAVID BARR, of Hagerstown.

NOTICE.—All those who continue to use or sell intoxicating drinks, either in large or small quantities, are respectfully invited to come to the meetings of the TEETOTALIERS at the Medical College on Friday night, and hear the arguments against the practice, drawn from Scripture, Experience, and the highest Medical authority. Lieut. Bartlet, of the U. S. Navy, and Mr. T. C. Heakes, of Ohio, are expected to address the meeting, this evening at 7 o'clock.

GEORGE SAVAGE, President F. V. T. A. S.

jan 19—1t

FAIR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—The ladies attached to the English Evangelical Lutheran congregation propose to hold a Fair for the purpose of procuring funds to aid in the erection of a house of worship, the congregation being at present destitute of a permanent place of worship. It is proposed to hold their Fair at the Apollo Hall, commencing on the 15th instant, when will be sold useful and fancy articles, and refreshments of every variety. It will be open every day and evening, and continue at least one week.

To the Christian portion of this community they confidently appeal for their approving assistance, and to the citizens and strangers generally they tender a cordial invitation, that by their benevolent purchases they may contribute to the praiseworthy object of rearing another temple in this city to the worship and service of the living God.

An excellent and well tried band of musicians will perform every evening in the hall. jan 12

MR. GEORGE R. GLIDDON, formerly U. S. Consul for Cairo in Egypt, and author of a "Series of Chapters on early Egyptian History, Archaeology, and other subjects connected with Hieroglyphical Literature" (New World Press) will commence a course of Four Lectures on the "Pyramids of Egypt," and on the "Memphis Pyramids," at the

APOLLO HALL,

OPPOSITE THE THEATRE, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, on MONDAY EVENING, 22d of January, at half-past seven o'clock. The course will be continued, at the same place and hour, on the 24th, 26th, and 28th January. Each lecture will be accompanied by splendid pictorial facsimiles of Egyptian Sculptures. As each discourse will be concluded by 9 o'clock, P. M., the lecture will not interfere with social engagements.

TICKETS AND PROGRAMME for sale at the book-stores of Wm. Fischer, F. Taylor, and G. Brooke, on the Avenue; and at the door of the Apollo Hall. TERMS.—Gentlemen's ticket \$1 50; Lady's ticket 75 cents for the course. Single admission, at the door—gentlemen 50 cents; ladies 25 cents. jan 13—eot2

NATIONAL THEATRE, WASHINGTON.—The Theatre respectfully informs the public that this theatre will be re-opened in a few days with a dramatic company of acknowledged talent, and that his arrangements are such as will enable him to present, through the remainder of the season, a succession of entertainments worthy of the encouragement of the friends of the legitimate drama. jan 13

TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND OTHERS. The Proprietor of the EXCHANGE HOTEL, respectfully informs Members of Congress and strangers, that he is prepared at all times to furnish dinners and suppers for parties, at reasonable prices, and at short notice, having every convenience for that purpose. THOMPSON TYLER. dec 12—4t